

	Life Science	Physical Science	Earth Science
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Characteristics of organisms - Life cycles of organisms - Organisms and environments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Properties of objects and materials - Position and motion of objects - Transfer of energy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Properties of earth materials - Objects in the Sky - Changes in earth and sky
4k	<p>Living Things</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Living vs. Non-living • Basic needs of life (food, air, water) <p>Classification</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plants vs. Animals 	<p>Forces</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Push/pull, speed and direction <p>Properties of Matter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical Characteristics • Weight, size, shape, <p>Types of Matter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solid, liquid, gas 	<p>Locations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • City, country, earth • Where are you? <p>Weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seasons change over time
5k	<p>Plants</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parts, life cycle, needs <p>Classifying animals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insects, mammals, fish, reptiles, amphibians, bird 	<p>Solids and Liquids (FOSS)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical properties <p>Forces</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describing movement <p>Properties of Matter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weight, density, volume, length, height <p>Types of Matter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changes in states 	<p>Rocks, Sand, Soil</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Components of the earth • Landforms <p>Weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seasons change over time

<p>1st</p>	<p><i>Insects</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life cycles; simple and complete metamorphosis • Observe and compare stages of life: larva, pupa, adult • Structures of insects (head, abdomen, thorax, antennae, etc.) • Understand needs of organisms 	<p><i>Comparing and Measuring</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Observing similarities and differences • Procedures for measuring (place units end to end, use beginning and end points) • Nonstandard VS standard units • Use a common starting line 	<p><i>Weather</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weather changes day to day and week to week • Features of weather (clouds, precipitation, temperature) • Air is a material. Observe air pressure, moving air • Compare monthly weather data using weather tools • Observe changes in sun and moon
<p>2nd</p>	<p><i>Plants</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Observe the life cycle of a plant • Structures of flowering plants (root, stem, leaf, bud, flower, seed) • Compare differences between plants 	<p><i>Balance and Motion</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concepts of: balance, counterweight, stability, rotational motion • Stabilize unequal systems • produce rotational motion • Understand variables that affect spin • Observe and compare different rolling systems 	<p><i>Pebbles, Sand, Silt</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sort earth materials • Observe and compare materials in a “river mixture” (silt, sand gravel, small and large pebbles) • Compare ingredients in different soils • Contents of soil (different sized particles, animals, plants, remains) • Worms process soil • Sand, clay, humus • Different soils absorb water differently
<p>3rd</p>	<p><i>Animal Studies</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A habitat has food, water, shelter, and space for an organism • Living and non-living elements affect animals (other animals, plants, climate, water, air, location) • Animals have specific needs (type of food, amount of water, etc.) • Certain body structures help in certain environments 	<p><i>Sound</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pitch, volume, discrimination • Factors determining pitch: length, frequency, tension • Sound in different media: solid, liquid, gas <p><i>Measurement</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practices for measuring • Using non-standard measures • Length and mass 	<p><i>Solar System</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Earth rotates and orbits • Day, night and seasons are due to earth’s movements • The moon, sun, and stars follow predictable paths in the sky • Constellations

<p>4th</p>	<p>Human Body</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Skeletal and muscular systems • Specialization of muscles and bones • Mechanics of muscles and bones 	<p>Magnetism & Electricity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attraction/repulsion • Magnetic and non-magnetic • Conductors, insulators • Open, closed, parallel, series circuits • Electromagnets <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practices for measuring • Capacity, temperature, length, mass 	<p>Landforms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Landforms can be created/changed by erosion/deposition • Soil is made of: sand, silt, gravel, clay, humus • Water cycle: evaporation, condensation, precipitation, drainage • Rivers, streams, tributaries • Map skills: topography, contour, elevation,
<p>5th</p>	<p>Micro worlds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lenses: must be curved, magnification is related to the curve • All living things are made up of at least one cell • Cell structures, needs • Role of bacteria: decomposition, food 	<p>Forces and Simple Machines</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construct conceptual and physical models • Concept of force and work • Simple machines 	<p>Ecosystems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Roles of organisms: producers, consumers, decomposers • Food webs illustrate relationships • Factors that affect ecosystems: light, water, temperature, soil • Pollutants can disturb ecosystems
<p>6th</p>	<p>Body systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cells: parts, basic needs • Body Systems: circulatory, respiratory, digestive <p>Food / Nutrition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Components of food: carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, proteins • Use indicators to test food 	<p>Mixtures / solutions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mixtures, solutions, concentration, saturation • Chemical reactions • Elements and the periodic table 	<p>Astronomy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sun/Earth/Moon system • Seasons, lunar phases • Solar system: planets, impact craters • Gravity: surface, orbits, tides • Earth's history as a planet

<p>7th</p>	<p>Ecosystems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Living and non-living factors in an ecosystem • Roles of organisms <p>Populations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reproduction • Heredity 	<p>Chemical Interactions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties of substances: e.g. boiling point, solubility, density, etc • Mixtures can often be separated • Some chemicals react with one another • Elements cannot be easily broken down • Elements are grouped according to certain properties 	<p>Geology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History of the Earth's development • Common earth processes from present and past • How landforms are created • Fossils provide evidence of the past • Layers of the earth • Rock cycle
<p>8th</p>	<p>Biodiversity & Cellular Life</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classification through genus and species • Observe organisms with microscopes • Comparing cells of algae, plants, and animals • Organelles of protists • Observe mold, yeast, <i>Hydra</i> • Parts of a vertebrate, components of its habitat 	<p>Light</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lenses: convex, concave, focal length, magnification • Create an optical device • Structures and function of the eye • Research an optical device 	<p>Weather & Water</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radiation, convection, conduction • Movement of heat • Sun as an energy source for changes • Composition of the atmosphere • Cloud types and formation • Water cycle • Effects of the oceans on weather